

Open Access publishing

Ivana Malovic, PhD

ivana.malovic@ub.uio.no

Library of medicine and science and Digital Scholarship Center
University of Oslo Library



**UNIVERSITY
OF OSLO**

Malovic I. *Open Access publishing* [unpublished lecture presentation]. University of Oslo; 2023 February 27.



Roadmap

OA-publishing:

- Aspects, requirements and policies
- CC-licenses
- Three ways
- UiO OA agreements
- Predatory journals

Preprints and their archives

Q&A time!

Aspects of Open Access publishing

- Sosial movement with a main goal of free and unlimited access to research literature
- Publishing model
- Publishing policy
- Part of Open Science / Open Research

Publishing in Norway – Research funders requirements

- The government
- The Research Council of Norway
- The EU

<https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/documents/research-funders.html>

Publishing in Norway – Research funders requirements

- The government → All publicly funded Norwegian research must be openly available by 2024
- The Research Council of Norway - Plan S → From 2021 all research funded by RCN must be made immediately and openly accessible → 3 ways:

Open access to scientific articles can be achieved in three ways:

1. Publishing in a fully OA journal or platform
2. Publishing in journals included in transformative agreements or other transformative arrangements
3. Publishing in a subscription journal (pure subscription or hybrid) and make a copy of your article (either the Author Accepted Manuscript or the Version of Record) immediately available OA via a repository under a CC-BY license

Publishing in Norway – Research funders requirements

- The government → All publicly funded Norwegian research must be openly available by 2024
- The Research Council of Norway - Plan S → From 2021 all research funded by RCN must be made immediately and openly accessible → 3 ways → with CC-licenses:

- Scientific articles shall be made available with a [Creative Commons](#) Attribution 4.0 license CC BY 4.0, alternatively CC BY-SA or CC0. Such a license implies that everyone is free to reuse the article, but requires that the author shall be named (Attribution). As an alternative, a CC BY-SA ("share on equal terms" or CC0 (Public domain dedication) can be used.
- If necessary, a CC BY-ND license ("No Processing") may be used. Such a license may be relevant where researchers see a need to limit the ability to process a published text. If a CC BY-ND license is used, the Project Owner must provide the academic justification for this in the project's final report.

Publishing in Norway – Research funders requirements

- The government → All publicly funded Norwegian research must be openly available by 2024
- The Research Council of Norway - Plan S → From 2021 all research funded by RCN must be made immediately and openly accessible → 3 ways → with CC-licenses
- The EU → A machine readable copy must be deposited in a repository (like the UiO's research archive DUO) latest upon publication, preferably also with underlying research data

<https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/documents/research-funders.html>

CC-licenses



- Creative Commons started as a non-profit organisation in 2001
- An international standard for sharing intellectual works in Open Access
- With the CC license, you tell what you allow others to do with your work

CC-licenses



- Four elements:

	English	Norwegian	Explanation
	Attribution (BY)	Navngivelse	All licenses have this element, and it means that there is always a requirement for authors to be cited.
	ShareAlike (SA)	DelPåSammeVilkår	Sharing of adaptations must be done with the same license, or another compatible license. One can therefore say that it protects the openness of further sharing.
	NonCommercial (NC)	IkkeKommersiell	The original work, or any adaptations can not be used commercially.
	NoDerivatives (ND)	IngenBearbeidelser	Adaptations of the original work can not be shared.

CC-licenses

- Six licenses:

CREATIVE COMMONS LICENSES		COPY & PUBLISH	ATTRIBUTION REQUIRED	COMMERCIAL USE	MODIFY & ADAPT	CHANGE LICENSE
	PUBLIC DOMAIN	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
	CC BY	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	CC BY-SA	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
	CC BY-ND	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓
	CC BY-NC	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓
	CC BY-NC-SA	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
	CC BY-NC-ND	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓

 You can redistribute (copy, publish, display, communicate, etc.)
  You have to attribute the original work
  You can use the work commercially
  You can modify and adapt the original work
  You can choose license type for your adaptations of the work.

<https://foter.com/blog/how-to-attribute-creative-commons-photos/>

Open access publishing at UiO

- [Strategy for open access at UiO](#)

UiO's strategy for open access emphasizes that high-quality scientific knowledge must be both visible and accessible to be effective in social and working life, in education and in research.

Open access publishing at UiO

- [Strategy for open access at UiO](#)
- [Open Access policy](#)
 1. Mandatory institutional archiving of all peer-reviewed articles in DUO
 2. Making scientific articles deposited into DUO openly available
 3. Choosing where to publish

When choosing where to publish, UiO recommends that all employees select journals that allow the article to be openly available. These may either be Open Access journals or those that permit articles to be deposited and made openly available in an institutional repository.

Open access publishing at UiO

- [Strategy for open access at UiO](#)
- [Open Access policy](#)
- [Institutional Rights Retention Policy](#)

Institutional rights policy ensures that all UiO authors retain rights to AAM so that this can be uploaded to Cristin and made available in UiO's research archive, at the same time as the article is published by the journal. In this way, the requirements for immediate open access are met, while at the same time UiO ensures that researchers can freely choose the publication channel.

Open access publishing at UiO

- [Strategy for open access at UiO](#)
- [Open Access policy](#)
- [Institutional Rights Retention Policy](#)

What does the rights retention policy mean to you as an UiO author?

The Rights Retention Policy ensures that you retain the rights to the Accepted Manuscript Version (AAM) and are free to share and use this version as you wish. This is because UiO has decided that AAM should be able to be shared in UiO's research archive, DUO, with a CC BY 4.0 license immediately after publication, regardless of what the publishers have as self-archiving policy and what publishing agreements are entered into. After making it available in DUO, you can share AAM with the same license.

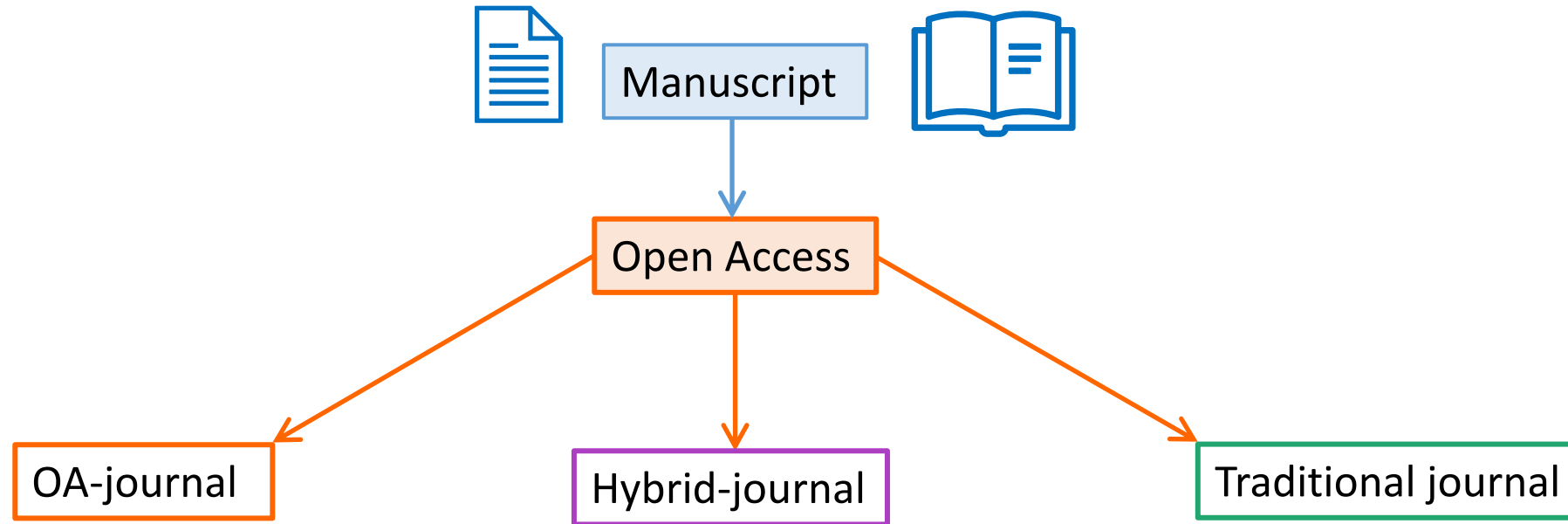
You have no obligation to provide information about the rights policy to publishers, in the form of e-mail or other documentation. The information on UiO's website is considered as prior notice.

<https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/self-archiving/index.html>

Open access publishing at UiO

- [Strategy for open access at UiO](#)
- [Open Access policy](#)
- [Institutional Rights Retention Policy](#)
- [OUS](#)

Three ways of OA-publishing



- Without APC = **Diamond OA**
- With APC = **Gold OA**



<https://doaj.org/>

- Traditional journals where researcher pays APC to open up their article → the library pays access to all other articles in the journal
- With APC
- Majority of them

= **Green OA**

- Publishing in a traditional journal with archiving of one version of your article in DUO via Cristin

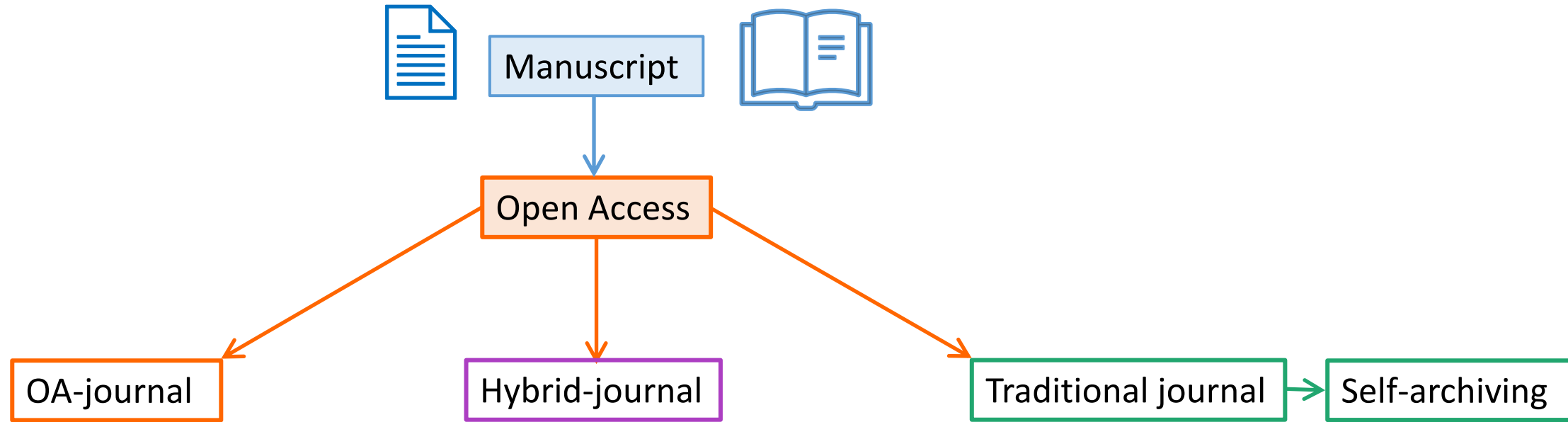
Publishing process, different article versions



Source: HEFCE (<https://webarchive.nationalarchives.gov.uk/20180319121229/http://www.hefce.ac.uk/rsrch/oa/FAQ/>)

<https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/self-archiving/index.html>

Three ways of OA-publishing



Self-archiving

= Scholarly articles are made available in open archives

- A peer-reviewed version, either VoR or AAM:
 - VoR: Version of record, published version (CC-license)
 - AAM: Author Accepted Manuscript
- UiO: Part of the OA policy, and also part of the requirements
 - *“The researcher shall ensure that a full text version of all scientific articles is submitted to the institutional repository”*
- Upload files in Cristin => DUO Research Archive



Showing results 1-1 of 1

1	
Category:	Journal publication - Academic article
Person(s):	Author, Barsjø, Stine Marie University Library Digital Services - University of Oslo
Original title:	Submit article in Cristin.
Original language:	English
Alternative title:	◦ Submit article in Cristin. [English]
Journal:	Critical Review of International Social and Political Philosophy (ISSN 1369-8230) Regarded as academic for reporting purposes. (Level 1).
Year of publication:	2018
Status:	Published/Presented.
Entry no.:	1625773
Created:	2018-11-01 08:54:27 - Stine Marie Barsjø (UIO)
Edited:	2018-11-01 08:54:27 - Stine Marie Barsjø (UIO)
The entry is owned by:	University of Oslo
Edit	Delete
Search for journal/series in Oria	
Deliver full-text document 	

Cristin-resultat-ID: 1790984 Registrert av: [Elin Holmstrøm Frøshaug, UIO](#) Sist endret: 5. februar 2020 09:23 Sist endret av: [Elin Holmstrøm Frøshaug, UIO](#)

RESULTAT


Vitenskapelig artikkel
2019

Submit article in Cristin

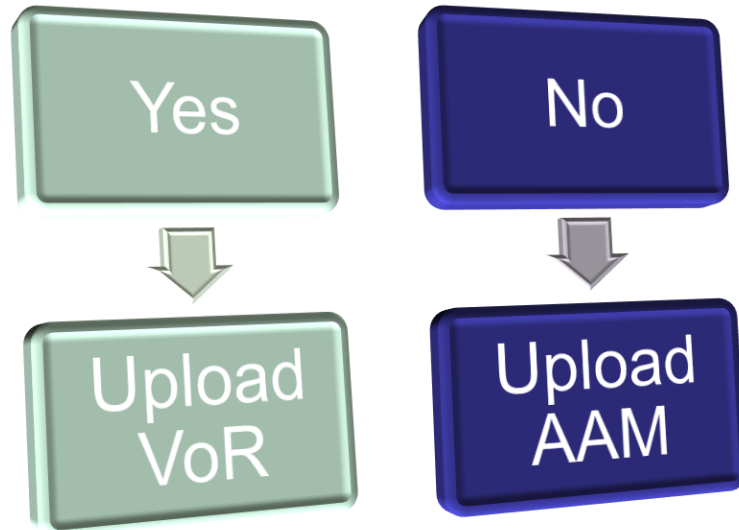
 Stine Marie Barsjø

 TIDSSKRIFT Critical Review of International Social and Political Philosophy (CRISPP) ISSN 1369-8230 e-ISSN 1743-8772 NVI-nivå 1  Finn i kanalregisteret	 OM RESULTATET Vitenskapelig artikkel Publisert/trykket Publiseringsår: 2019 Publisert online: 2019 Trykket: Registrer ... Volum: Registrer ... Hefte: Registrer ... Slider: Registrer ... Artikkelnummer: Registrer ...	 LENKER ORIGINAL ONLINE (DOI)  Registrer DOI INSTITUSIONSARKIV  Lever fulltekstdokument 	 KLASSIFISERING VITENSKAPSDISCIPLINER Registrer vitenskapsdisipliner EMNEORD Registrer emneord HRCS Registrer HRCS-kombinasjon
---	--	--	---

Self-archiving



Is your article published open access with a CC-license?



- VoR: Version of record, published version
- AAM: Author Accepted Manuscript

Remember: Does your article have a CC license? Then you can upload VoR in Cristin. If not, upload the AAM.

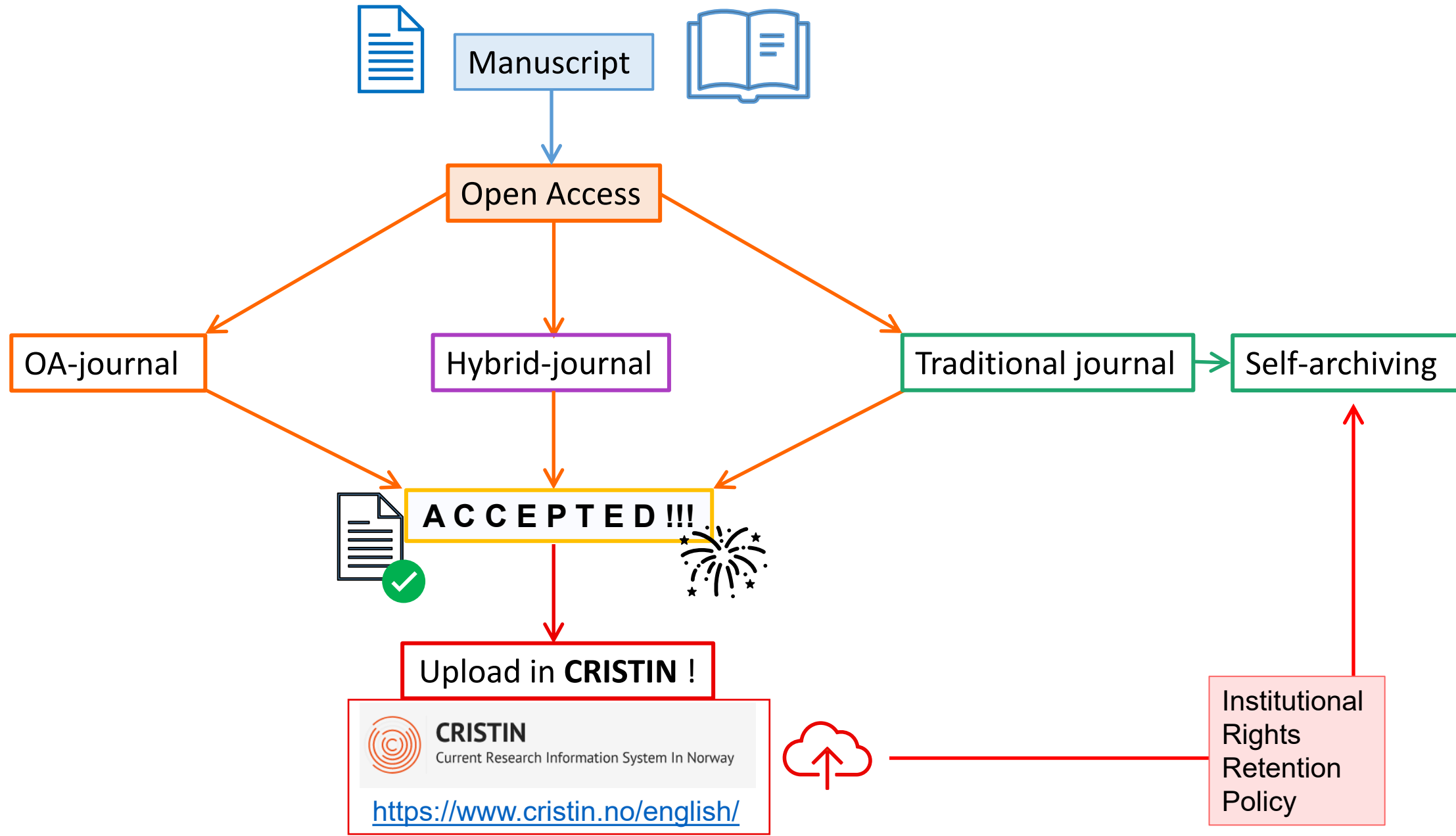
All uploads are checked by the DUO team.

If you upload AAM, and VoR is allowed, the DUO-team will upload VoR instead.

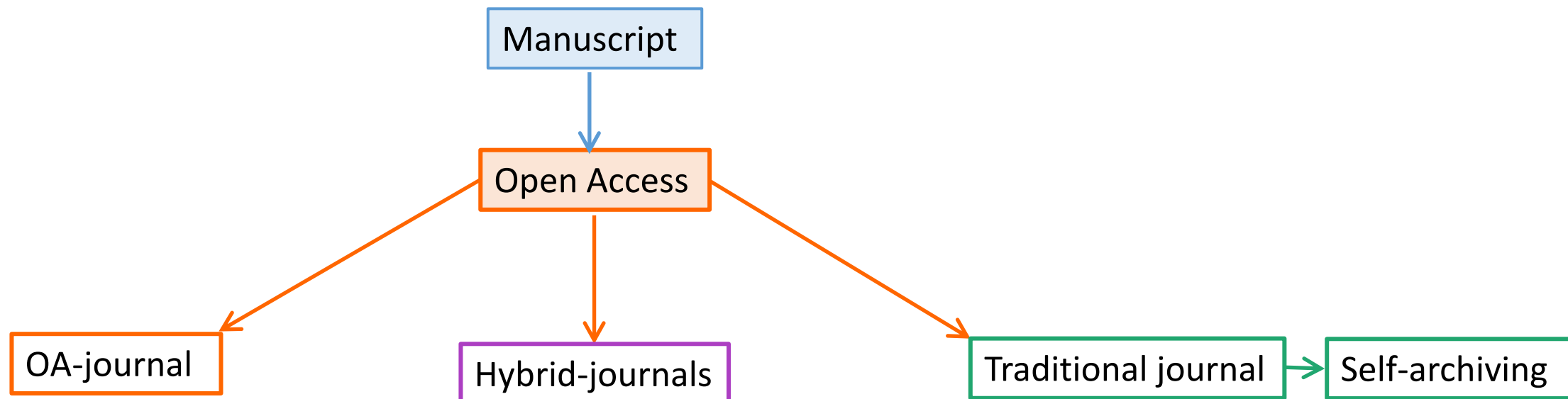
When in doubt, upload both AAM and VoR. The DUO-team will use the correct version.

If an embargo applies, the DUO-team will register that.

Three ways of OA-publishing



How much does it cost to publish in OA-journals?



- Without APC = **Diamond OA** → Free!

- With APC = **Gold OA** → average price = ca €2000

- It varies a lot:

- Nature €9500

- The Lancet \$5000

- BMC Research Notes \$1650

- **UiO deals and discounts:**

- <https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/deals-and-discounts/index.html>

= **Green OA** → Free!

Steps for using Open Access-agreements – *part I*

1. Do a search at [the Norwegian register for scientific journals, series and publishers](#)
 - direct journal search (Simple search)
 - subject search (Advanced search → Scientific Field, Scientific Level, Publishing Agreement)
2. Find Publishing House of your chosen journal
3. On [the UiO's pages](#) find an agreement with the publisher
 - Read information carefully: Who is covered by it? How much of the APC is covered?
 - Find your journal on the publisher's Excel-list of included journals
4. Follow the instructions on either the Library's or the publisher's webpage

Steps for using Open Access-agreements – *part II*

What if you cannot find the journal of interest in the Register?

1. Make sure it is not a predatory journal (or publisher)!
2. Find a publisher of your chosen journal
3. On [the UiO's pages](#) find an agreement with the publisher
 - Read information carefully: Who is covered by it? How much of the APC is covered?
 - Find your journal on the publisher's Excel-list of included journals
4. Follow the instructions on either the Library's or the publisher's webpage

Predatory journals

Some common traits for many predatory journals (by [Sarah Eaton, 2018](#))

1. Are not linked to or run by a credible scholarly, academic or technical society or association, though some pretend to be.
2. Do not receive public (e.g. government) funds or grants.
3. **Send spam e-mails.**
4. **Brag about the high quality of the journal, which can include false claims about journal metrics and where it is indexed.**
5. Features an editor-in-chief who also edits numerous other journals, from a variety of different disciplines.
6. **Make false claims about where the journal is indexed** (e.g. PUBMED).
7. **Promise fast publication.**
8. **Promise an easy peer-review and process.**
9. **Have titles very close to those of highly respected legitimate journals**, with only subtle modifications.
10. May include the words, “International”, “World”, “Global” or “Universal” in the title.
11. Claim to be based in major cities (e.g. London or New York), when they are really published somewhere else.
12. Make it difficult to find out who manages the journal.

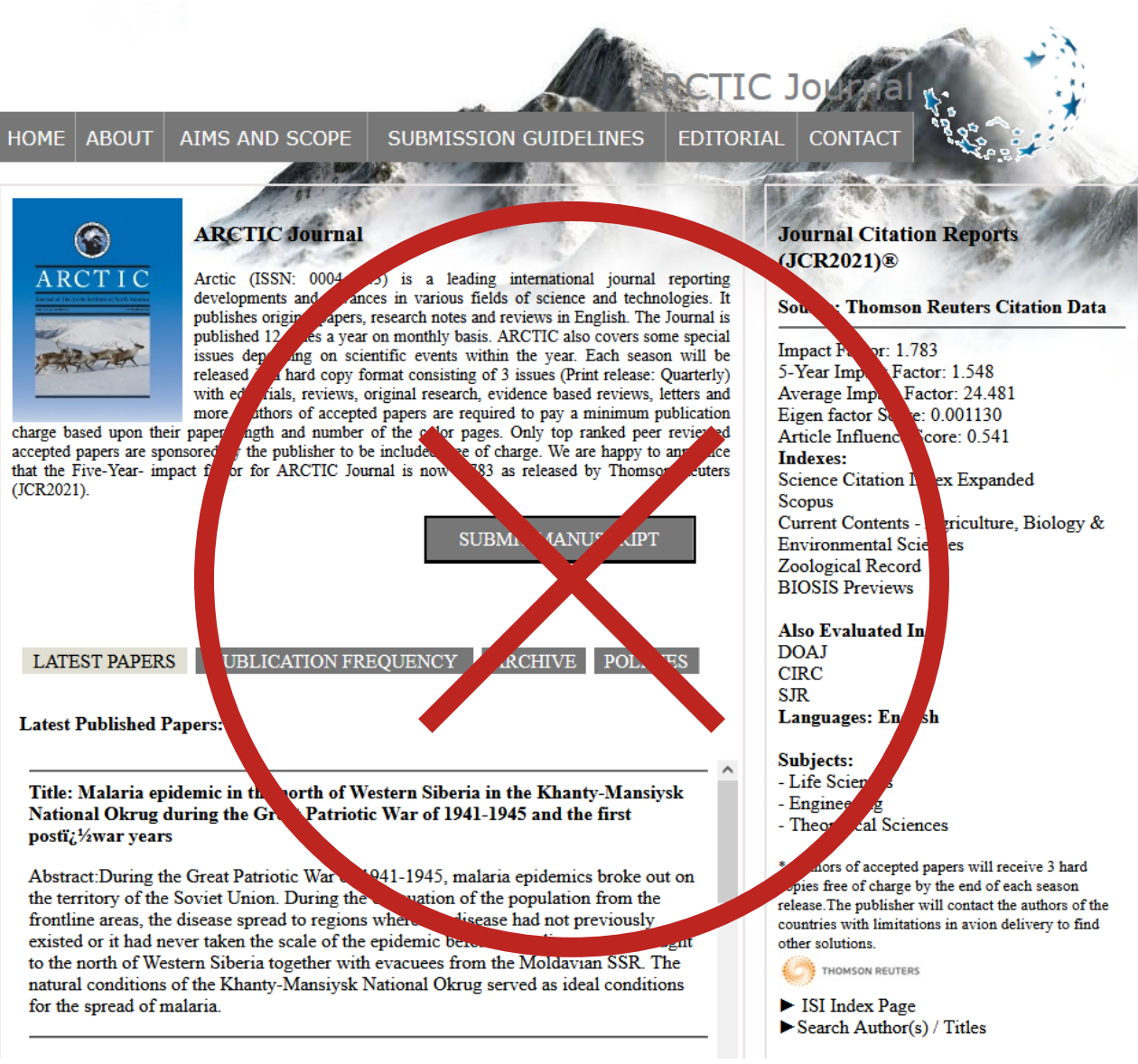
Predatory journals - How to recognise them?

- Is the journal registered at The Norwegian Register for Scientific Journals, Series and Publishers? (Must be Level 1 or Level 2) https://kanalregister.hkdir.no/publiseringskanaler/Forside.action?request_locale=en
- Is the journal indexed in databases relevant for your research field?
- Is the journal registered in the Directory of Open Access Journals (DOAJ)? <https://doaj.org/> (relevant for those publishing articles)
- *Is the publisher registered in the Directory of OA Books (DOAB)?* <https://www.doabooks.org/en> (relevant for those publishing chapters or books)
- Do your colleagues have any publishing experience in this journal? Do they read it on the regular basis?
- Do a quick search in Google with the journal's name and word *predatory*. Other researcher often write about their experiences.
- Think. Check. Submit. <http://thinkchecksubmit.org/>

Predatory journals: Examples

ARCTIC Journal vs. Arctic

Predatory journals: Examples



ARCTIC Journal

HOME ABOUT AIMS AND SCOPE SUBMISSION GUIDELINES EDITORIAL CONTACT

ARCTIC Journal

Arctic (ISSN: 0004-3803) is a leading international journal reporting developments and advances in various fields of science and technologies. It publishes original papers, research notes and reviews in English. The Journal is published 12 times a year on monthly basis. ARCTIC also covers some special issues depending on scientific events within the year. Each season will be released in a hard copy format consisting of 3 issues (Print release: Quarterly) with editorials, reviews, original research, evidence based reviews, letters and more. Authors of accepted papers are required to pay a minimum publication charge based upon their paper length and number of the color pages. Only top ranked peer reviewed accepted papers are sponsored by the publisher to be included free of charge. We are happy to announce that the Five-Year- impact factor for ARCTIC Journal is now 1.783 as released by Thomson Reuters (JCR2021).

SUBMIT MANUSCRIPT

LATEST PAPERS PUBLICATION FREQUENCY ARCHIVE POLICIES

Latest Published Papers:

Title: Malaria epidemic in the north of Western Siberia in the Khanty-Mansiysk National Okrug during the Great Patriotic War of 1941-1945 and the first post-war years

Abstract: During the Great Patriotic War of 1941-1945, malaria epidemics broke out on the territory of the Soviet Union. During the evacuation of the population from the frontline areas, the disease spread to regions where the disease had not previously existed or it had never taken the scale of the epidemic before. Malaria spread to the north of Western Siberia together with evacuees from the Moldavian SSR. The natural conditions of the Khanty-Mansiysk National Okrug served as ideal conditions for the spread of malaria.

Journal Citation Reports (JCR2021)®

Source: Thomson Reuters Citation Data

Impact Factor: 1.783
5-Year Impact Factor: 1.548
Average Impact Factor: 24.481
Eigen factor Score: 0.001130
Article Influence Score: 0.541

Indexes:
Science Citation Index Expanded
Scopus
Current Contents - Agriculture, Biology & Environmental Sciences
Zoological Record
BIOSIS Previews

Also Evaluated In
DOAJ
CIRC
SJR

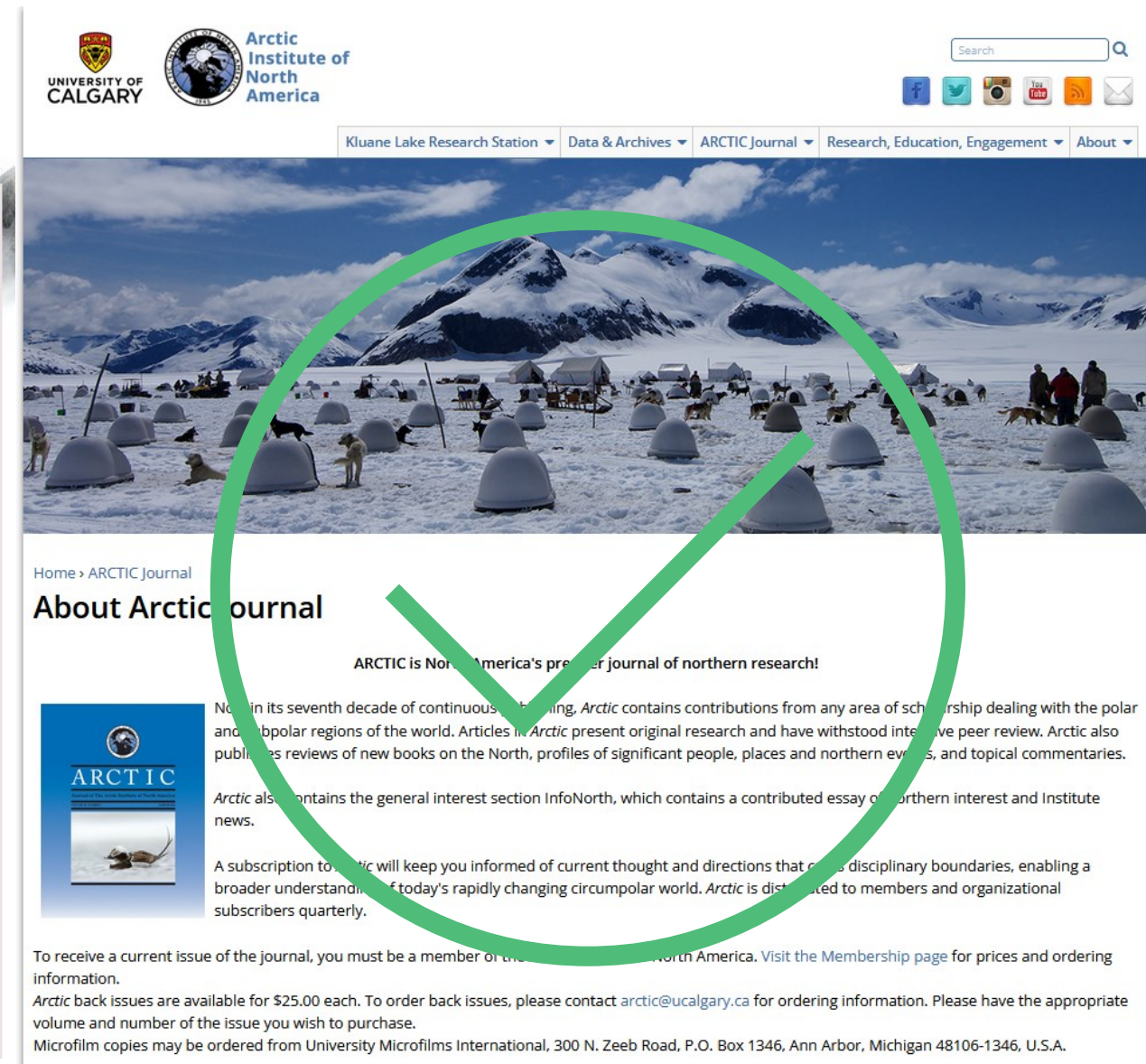
Languages: English

Subjects:
- Life Sciences
- Engineering
- Theoretical Sciences

* Authors of accepted papers will receive 3 hard copies free of charge by the end of each season release. The publisher will contact the authors of the countries with limitations in aviation delivery to find other solutions.

 THOMSON REUTERS

► ISI Index Page
► Search Author(s) / Titles



  Arctic Institute of North America

Search

Kluane Lake Research Station Data & Archives ARCTIC Journal Research, Education, Engagement About

About Arctic Journal

ARCTIC is North America's premier journal of northern research!

Now in its seventh decade of continuous publishing, *Arctic* contains contributions from any area of scholarship dealing with the polar and subpolar regions of the world. Articles in *Arctic* present original research and have withstood intensive peer review. *Arctic* also publishes reviews of new books on the North, profiles of significant people, places and northern events, and topical commentaries.

Arctic also contains the general interest section InfoNorth, which contains a contributed essay of northern interest and Institute news.

A subscription to *Arctic* will keep you informed of current thought and directions that cross disciplinary boundaries, enabling a broader understanding of today's rapidly changing circumpolar world. *Arctic* is distributed to members and organizational subscribers quarterly.

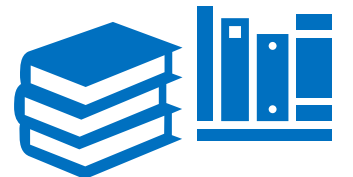
To receive a current issue of the journal, you must be a member of the Arctic Institute of North America. Visit the [Membership page](#) for prices and ordering information.

Arctic back issues are available for \$25.00 each. To order back issues, please contact arctic@ucalgary.ca for ordering information. Please have the appropriate volume and number of the issue you wish to purchase.

Microfilm copies may be ordered from University Microfilms International, 300 N. Zeeb Road, P.O. Box 1346, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106-1346, U.S.A.

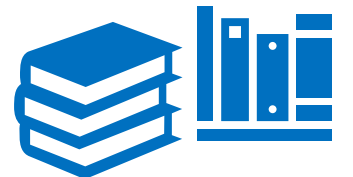
Publishing of OA chapter or OA book?

- Average Book Processing Charge (BPC) is usually much higher than APC → €500 to €18,500
- Plan S applies mainly to the publication of articles → Coalition S created recommendations for monographs and anthology chapters → Implemented by the Research Council of Norway from and including 2023 → Guidelines:
 - Academic books based on research funded by RCN shall be made available open access
 - RCN recommends immediate OA publication. If embargo period is required, it must not exceed 12 months
 - Academic books will be published under CC-licenses (CC-BY, CC-BY-ND or CC-BY-NC) or other license with equivalent rights
 - Authors or their institutions shall retain sufficient intellectual property rights
 - Costs of the open access publishing **without an embargo** under an open license can be covered through direct project costs. Books with embargo cannot be funded.



Publishing of OA chapter or OA book?

- Different models of OA book publishing are the same as for OA-journals:
 - **Gold** (with BPC) & **Diamond** (without BPC), **Green** (self-archiving), **Hybrid** (chapter-level in a book, or book-level in a book series)
- Directory of Open Access Books (DOAB) – important that your OA-publisher of choice is registered here!
- More info:
 - <https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/publish-open-access/>
 - Life cycle of OA book publishing: <https://oabooks-toolkit.org/lifecycle>
 - The difference between an open access book and an open access journal
 - Business models for open access book publishing



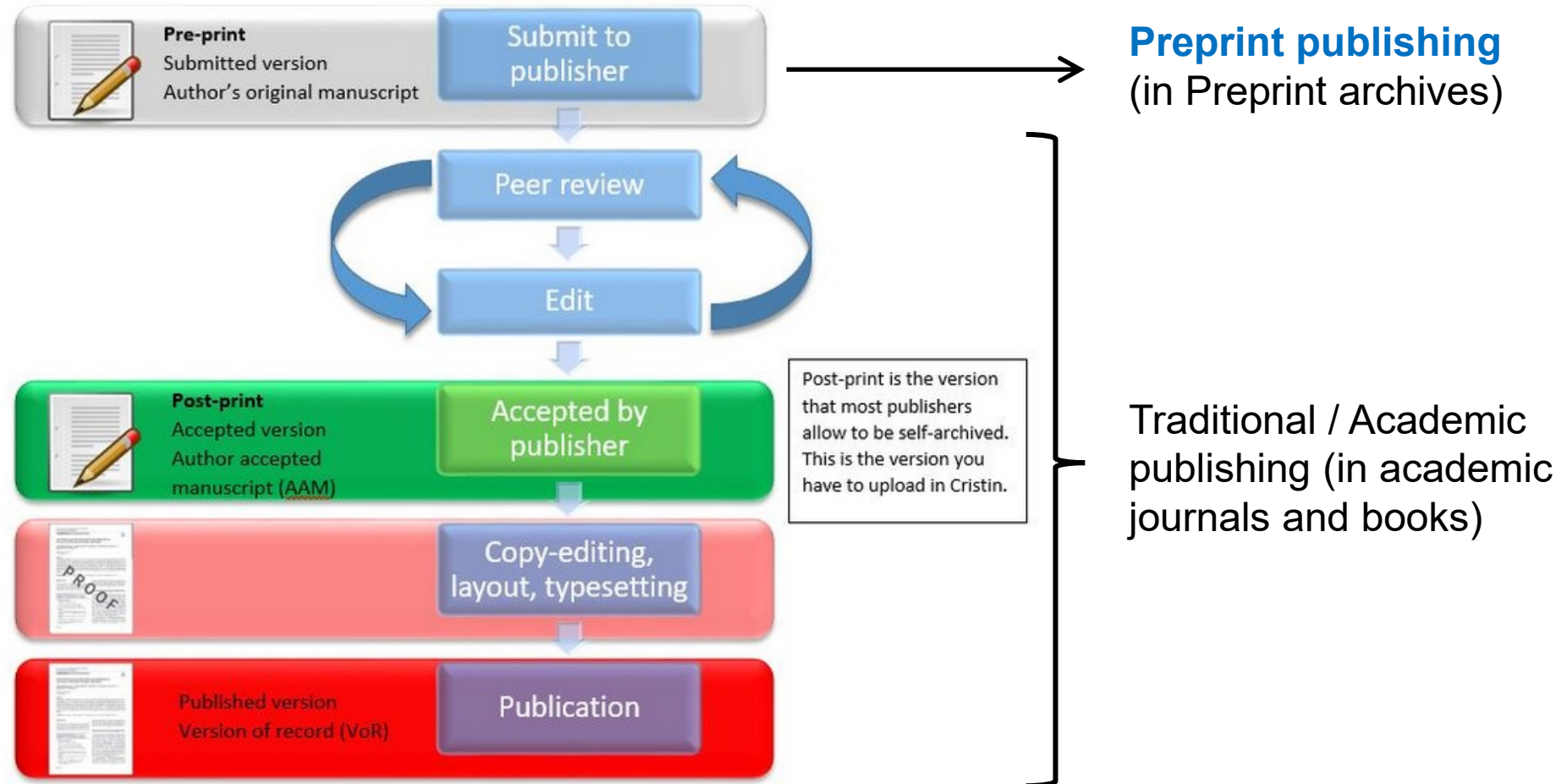
OA – what's in it for the researcher?

- Publishing in a peer-reviewed journal
- Increased attention
 - Early access to publications
 - Larger reading audience, more downloads
 - Increased citations
- Easier access to research papers
- Retain copyright to your own research
- Meets research funding requirements
- Research democratization ?



Preprints: What are they?

- BEFORE peer-reviewing!



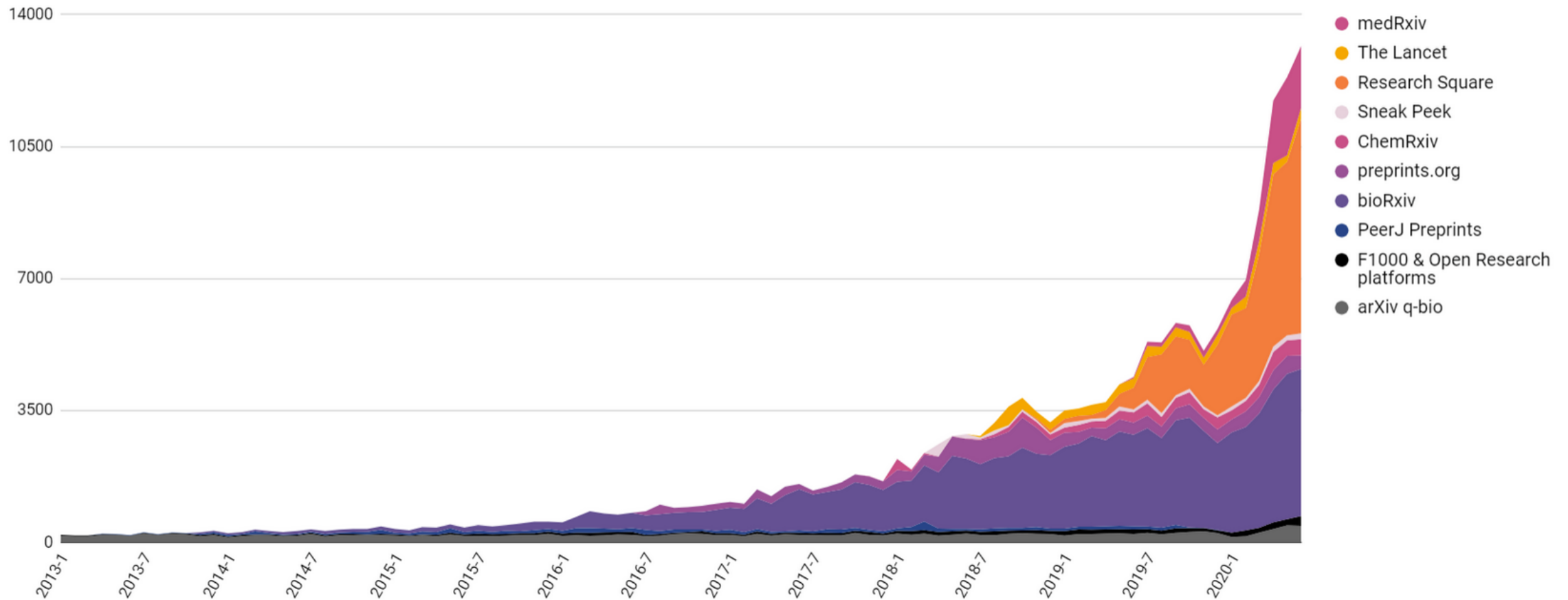
Preprints: What are they?

- **BEFORE** peer-reviewing!
- Common in Mathematics, Physics, Geosciences and a part of Lifesciences
- It has become more common in medicine during Corona-virus outbreak
- Becoming more common in other fields of research as well

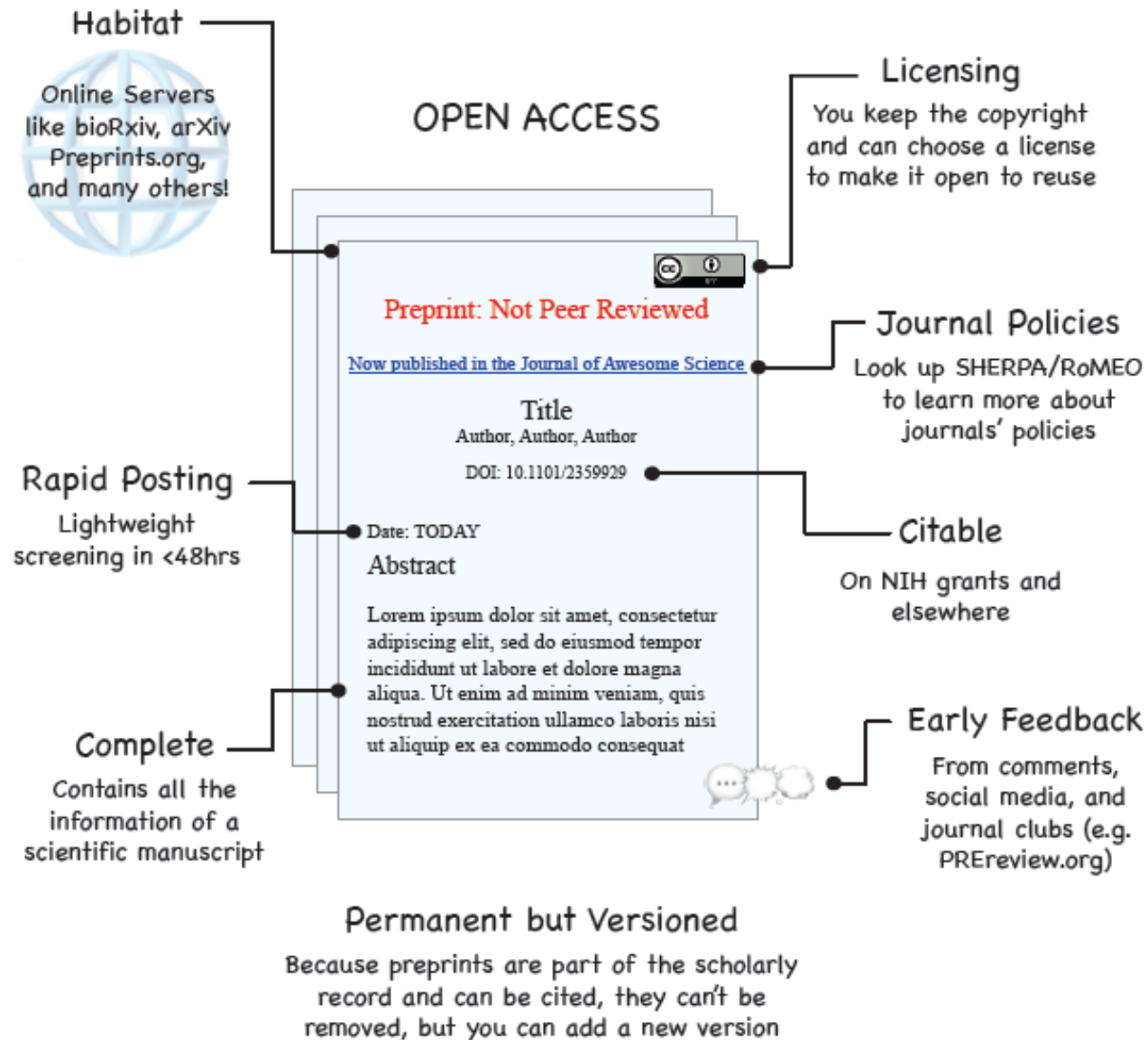
Preprints: What are they?

Biomedical preprints per month through 2020-06

Sources: Jordan Anaya (PrePubMed), Naomi Penfold, EuropePMC, arXiv, Crossref, SSRN



Preprints: How do they look?



Preprints: How can you publish one?

1. Beforehand, read an article «[10 tips for submitting a successful preprint](#)» by Jon Brock (Nature News, 26/5/2020)
2. Write a manuscript.
3. Decide in advance where are you going to submit your manuscript for publication.
4. Check your chosen journal's website about preprint publishing guidelines. You can also check it at [Sherpa/Romeo](#).
5. Check what are relevant non-commercial preprint archives in your research field, and what types of content they allow.
 - Multidisciplinary: [arXiv](#) (mathematics, physics, astronomy, electrical engineering, computer science, quantitative biology, statistics, mathematical finance and economics), [OSF Preprints](#) (SocArXiv, SportRxiv, EarthArXiv, PsyArXiv,...)
 - Discipline-specific: [RePEc](#) (economics), [hprints](#) (social sciences, arts and humanities), [bioRxiv](#) (biological sciences), [medRxiv](#) (medicine and health sciences)...
6. To submit your preprint, follow instructions and information at the chosen archive.

Preprints:

Pros	Cons
Faster and wider dissemination: no wait times, no paywalls	Perception of low quality: misunderstanding of preprints as manuscripts that can't pass peer review
Record of priority: permanent timestamp within 24hrs of posting	Risk of disseminating invalid findings: unvetted papers may be picked up by the public, journalists, etc.
Does not preclude publication: usually not considered prior publication. Check SHERPA/RoMEO for specific journal preprint policies	Risk of embargo violations: If press or public publish findings from preprint may be considered prior publication
Establish a body of work: Good for early career researchers; funders like NIH and Wellcome accept preprints as part of application	Not always possible to update pre-print with the post-print version
	Impossible to get double anonymised peer review
Rapid evaluation of results: lots of eyes on a given paper	Permanence: It can never be removed, even if you find a mistake or want to remove it for other reasons

<http://libguides.lib.rochester.edu/c.php?g=776659&p=5570630>

You need help?

Writing and publishing

Referencing

Reference styles, reference tools and information about referencing.

Master theses

Submit Master's thesis to DUO in Studentweb, information, regulations and tips on how to write your master's thesis.

Doctoral theses

Publish your doctoral thesis in DUO.

Open Access

Open Access information at UiO. Publishing agreements, self-archiving, research data, requirements and guidelines.

For researchers

We have the tools to help you achieve your research goals.

Data archiving

Information regarding selection of research data archive, DataverseNO and the FAIR principles.

Academic writing centre

The writing centre is open for all students who wish to improve their own writing.

Digital Scholarship Center

The Digital Scholarship Center can help you take advantage of digital tools and methods in your research.

PhD on track

The website PhD on track is a resource which offers support on literature search, citing and referencing, publishing, and evaluation and ranking.

Search and write

Search and Write is a website that provides introductions to effective reading methods and writing tips, introductions to information searching and how to reference and cite sources., for all students.

<https://www.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/index.html>

You need help?

<https://www.ub.uio.no/english/writing-publishing/open-access/index.html>

- Self-archiving
- Plan S
- Publishing deals and discounts
- Publish Open Access
- Strategy and requirements

Open Access



It is the University of Oslo's goal that research results shall be openly available to individuals, the public sector, trade and industry, and the global research community.

Open Access at UiO →

Rights retention policy, UiOs strategy for open access, requirements from funders.

Publishing Open Access? →

How to publish Open Access, CC-licenses, and how to avoid fraud

Open Access-agreements →

UiOs deals and discounts for Open Access publishing.

Self-archiving →

How to self-archive in DUO research archive via Cristin. Information on self archiving and other archives.

About Open Access →

What is Open Access? Which advantages does it give you? The paths to Open Access.

Starting a new journal (FRITT) →

FRITT is a publishing service for Open Access journals run by UiO communities.

Research Data Management →

The UiO policy and guidelines. Help and advice on managing research data.

Open Access courses

No upcoming events

Any questions?

Send an email to: openaccess@ub.uio.no

Open Science Lunch

Each last Thursday of the month at 12:00 we invite you to join us for a lunch seminar to hear about how to make your research more open. We will discuss research transparency and visibility, open publishing, data sharing, and more!

Upcoming



Time and place: Feb. 23, 2023 12:00 PM–1:00 PM, Hybrid: Georg Sverdrups hus and Zoom

Open your data with DataverseNO

Learn about DataverseNO - a new institutional data archive for open data at UiO.



Time and place: Apr. 27, 2023 12:00 PM–1:00 PM, Hybrid: Georg Sverdrups hus and Zoom

Open knowledge resources: Store norske leksikon and Wikipedia

Join us for a discussion on using, maintaining and contributing to freely available open knowledge resources.



Time and place: Mar. 30, 2023 12:00 PM–1:00 PM, Hybrid: Georg Sverdrups hus and Zoom

Public health reporting: an open source approach

Join us for a discussion on how open source tools can enable automated, reproducible and scalable public health reporting.



Time and place: May 25, 2023 12:00 PM–1:00 PM, Hybrid: Georg Sverdrups hus and Zoom

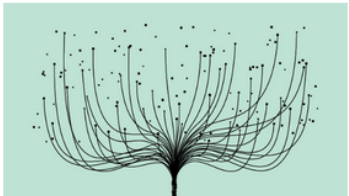
Keep the rights to your work: UiO's Rights Retention Policy

Learn about how you can retain the rights to your published work with the new Rights Retention Policy at UiO.

Open and reproducible research

More and more researchers across disciplines are preregistering their hypotheses, methods, and analysis plans before they collect or analyze the data to increase research transparency and visibility. This course will give an introduction to preregistration and a step-by-step guide on how to do it yourself.

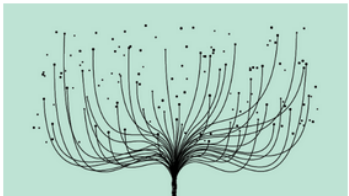
Upcoming



Time and place: Feb. 3, 2023 10:00 AM–11:30 AM, Zoom

Introduction to open and reproducible research

Learn about what open research is and how to make your own research more transparent and reproducible.



Time and place: Feb. 6, 2023 10:00 AM–11:30 AM, Zoom

Preregistration of research studies

Learn about what preregistration is and how to preregister your own studies.



Time and place: Feb. 8, 2023 10:00 AM–11:30 AM, Zoom

Preregistration on Open Science Framework (OSF)

Learn about how to preregister your study on Open Science Framework (OSF) and how to navigate the platform.



Time and place: Feb. 13, 2023 10:00 AM–11:30 AM, Zoom

Reproducible research workflows

Learn about tools and practices for more reproducible and effective research.



Time and place: Feb. 27, 2023 1:00 PM–2:30 PM, Zoom

Open Access publishing

Learn about Open Access and how can you choose the best way to publish your results openly.



Time and place: Mar. 3, 2023 9:00 AM–10:30 AM, Zoom

Researcher visibility

Learn about different tools, platforms and services to share your research and other contributions, and how you utilise them to make yourself and your work more visible to the academic community and the society at large.



Journal Clubs

Our mailing list:

<https://sympa.uio.no/uio.no/subscribe/open-science-oslo>

University of Oslo

Welcome

Our journal club is open to both staff and students at UiO across all departments. Everyone is welcome to join us - whether you are an enthusiast, a skeptic, or a cautious explorer. Feel free to get in touch if you are interested to participate or contribute!

Our mission

- provide an informal and friendly platform for discussions about meta scientific topics
- help each other get familiarized with open science practices (e.g., pre-registrations, sharing data, sharing preprints, etc.)
- connect students and researchers from various disciplines who are interested in meta science.

Format

Before each meeting, we read an article on meta scientific topics, which we then discuss during the meeting. At each meeting, a different discussion leader will begin by providing a short overview of the paper and facilitate discussion throughout the meeting. Anyone can propose a possible paper or topic to present if we have not covered it already. Grab a cup of tea (coffee?) and join us! Due to the current pandemic, all sessions will be held online (Zoom) for the time being.

🌐 Universitetet i Oslo

🔗 osf.io/mvx54

Z [collection](#)

? timo.b.roettger@gmail.com

👤 Timo B. Roettger

👤 Agata Bochynska

Research data

Good research data management plays an essential role in Open Science, which is increasingly important for scholars around the globe. The University Library provides courses on key concepts as a part of the Skills Development for Research Data project.

Time and place

Introduction to research data management

Apr. 12, 9:00 AM, Zoom

Data management planning

Apr. 14, 9:00 AM, Zoom

Data organization, metadata, and documentation

Apr. 19, 9:00 AM, Zoom

Data classification and storage selection

Apr. 21, 9:00 AM, Zoom

Copyright and licensing

Apr. 21, 1:00 PM, Zoom

Sharing and archiving research data

Apr. 26, 9:00 AM, Zoom

Finding and reusing research data

Apr. 27, 9:00 AM, Zoom



Thank you!